

兔抗 ASAHI 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 ASAHI 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-ASAH1 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：AC; PHP; ASAH; PHP32; ACDase; SMAPME

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

抗原：ASAH1

宿主：Rabbit

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	This gene encodes a heterodimeric protein consisting of a nonglycosylated alpha subunit and a glycosylated beta subunit that is cleaved to the mature enzyme posttranslationally. The encoded protein catalyzes the synthesis and degradation of ceramide into sphingosine and fatty acid. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a lysosomal storage disorder known as Farber disease. Multiple transcript variants encoding several distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	ASAH1

Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ASAH1
Full name:	N-acylsphingosine amidohydrolase (acid ceramidase) 1
Synonyms :	AC; PHP; ASAH; PHP32; ACDase; SMAPME
SwissProt:	Q13510
ELISA Recommended dilution:	2000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human cervical cancer and human breast cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-200
WB Predicted band size:	45 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human lung cancer tissue, human fetal brain and fetal lung tissue
WB Recommended dilution:	1000-5000



