

## 兔抗 BAAT 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 BAAT 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-BAAT rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：BAT; BACAT

相关类别：一抗

抗原：BAAT

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

### 技术规格

<b>Background:</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a liver enzyme that catalyzes the transfer of C24 bile acids from the acyl-CoA thioester to either glycine or taurine, the second step in the formation of bile acid-amino acid conjugates. The bile acid conjugates then act as a detergent in the gastrointestinal tract, which enhances lipid and fat-soluble vitamin absorption. Defects in this gene are a cause of familial hypercholanemia (FHCA). Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA, WB, IHC

<b>Name of antibody:</b>	BAAT
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Fusion protein of human BAAT
<b>Full name:</b>	bile acid CoA: amino acid N-acyltransferase (glycine N-choloyltransferase)
<b>Synonyms :</b>	BAT; BACAT
<b>SwissProt:</b>	Q14032
<b>ELISA Recommended dilution:</b>	2000-5000
<b>IHC positive control:</b>	Human liver cancer and Human colon cancer
<b>IHC Recommend dilution:</b>	25-100
<b>WB Predicted band size:</b>	46 kDa
<b>WB Positive control:</b>	Human normal liver tissue
<b>WB Recommended dilution:</b>	500-2000



