

兔抗 MAF 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称：兔抗 MAF 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称：Anti-MAF rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别名：CCA4; c-MAF
- 相关类别：一抗
- 储存：冷冻（-20℃）
- 宿主：Rabbit
- 抗原：MAF
- 反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat
- 标记物：Unconjugate
- 克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is a DNA-binding, leucine zipper-containing transcription factor that acts as a homodimer or as a heterodimer. Depending on the binding site and binding partner, the encoded protein can be a transcriptional activator or repressor. This protein plays a role in the regulation of several cellular processes, including embryonic lens fiber cell development, increased T-cell susceptibility to apoptosis, and chondrocyte terminal differentiation. Defects in this gene are a cause of juvenile-onset pulverulent cataract as well as congenital cerulean cataract 4 (CCA4). Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms

	ms have been found for this gene.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	MAF
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human MAF
Full name:	MAF bZIP transcription factor
Synonyms:	CCA4; AYGRP; c-MAF; CTRCT21
SwissProt:	O75444
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human ovarian cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100
WB Predicted band size:	38 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cell and Mouse brain tissue lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000

