

兔抗 GAD2 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 GAD2 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-GAD2 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: GAD2; GAD65; MGC161605; MGC161607

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

宿 主: Rabbit

抗 原: GAD2

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

| Background: | The enzyme glutamate decarboxylase (GAD) is responsible for the synthesis of the essential neurotransmitter gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) from L-glutamic acid. GAD1 (GAD67) and GAD2 (GAD65) are expressed in nervous and en docrine systems and are thought to be involved in synaptic transmission and insulin secretion, respectively. Autoantib odies against GAD2 may serve as markers for type I diabetes. Many individuals suffering from an adult onset disorder known as Stiff Person Syndrome (SPS) also express aut oantibodies to GAD2). |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Applications: | WB |



| Name of antibody: | GAD2 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Immunogen: | Fusion protein of human GAD2 |
| Full name: | glutamate decarboxylase 2 (pancreatic islets and brain, 65k Da) |
| Synonyms: | GAD2; GAD65; MGC161605; MGC161607 |
| SwissProt: | Q05329 |
| WB Predicted band size: | 65 kDa |
| WB Positive control: | Brain tissue |
| WB Recommended dilution: | 500-2000 |

