

兔抗 MRPS16 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 MRPS16 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-MRPS16 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： COXPD2; RPMS16; CGI-132; MRP-S16

抗原： MRPS16

储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光

宿主： Rabbit

相关类别： 一抗

反应种属： Human Mouse

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prev

	ents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 28S subunit protein that belongs to the ribosomal protein S16P family. The encoded protein is one of the most highly conserved ribosomal proteins between mammalian and yeast mitochondria. Three pseudogenes (located at 8q21.3, 20q13.32, 22q12-q13.1) for this gene have been described.
Applications:	WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	MRPS16
Immunogen:	Synthesized peptide derived from internal of human MRP S16.
Full name:	mitochondrial ribosomal protein S16
Synonyms :	COXPD2; RPMS16; CGI-132; MRP-S16
SwissProt:	Q9Y3D3
IHC positive control:	Human tonsil tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100
WB Predicted band size:	15 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cells lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000

