

兔抗 RPL13A 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 RPL13A 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-RPL13A rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：ribosomal protein L13a; L13A; TSTA1

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：RPL13A

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a member of the L13P family of ribosomal proteins that is a component of the 60S subunit. The encoded protein also plays a role in the repression of inflammatory genes as a component of the I FN-gamma-activated inhibitor of translation (GAIT) complex. This gene is co-transcribed with the small nucleolar RNA genes U32, U33, U34, and U35, which are located

	ed in the second, fourth, fifth, and sixth introns, respectively. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed throughout the genome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	RPL13A
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human RPL13A
Full name:	ribosomal protein L13a
Synonyms:	L13A; TSTA1
SwissProt:	P40429
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human tonsil and Human thyroid cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-300
WB Predicted band size:	24 kDa
WB Positive control:	LOVO, HeLa, A549 and HT29 cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	1000-5000



